

OFFICIAL GAZETTE

GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

General Administration Department

Notification

14-22-69-GAD

- Read: 1) Notification No. GAD/B/44/10/86/66 dated 19-10-66 published in the Government Gazette No. 34, Series I, dated 24-11-66.
- 2) Notification No. 14-22-69-GAD dated 7-10-70 published in the Government Gazette No. 30, Series I dated 22-10-70.
- 3) Notification No. 14-22-69-GAD dated 5-1-71 published in the Official Gazette No. 42, Series I dated 14-1-71.
- 4) Notification No. 14-22-69-GAD dated 17-9-73 published in the Official Gazette No. 27, Series I dated 9-10-73.
- 5) Notification No. 14-22-69-GAD dated 8-4-74 published in the Official Gazette No. 5, Series I dated 2-5-74.

In continuation of above mentioned Notifications the following amendments is incorporated in "orders relating to the National Anthem of India" for general information.

"For the existing sections II and III, the following may be substituted".

"II — PLAYING OF THE ANTHEM"

(1) The full version of the Anthem shall be played on the following occasions: —

(i) Civil and Military investitures;

(ii) When National Salute (which means the Command "Rashtriya Salute-Salami Shstr" to the accompaniment of the National Anthem) is given on ceremonial occasions to the President or to the Lt. Governor within their respective States and Union Territories;

(iii) During parades — Irrespective of whether any of the dignitaries referred to in (ii) above is present or not;

(iv) On the arrival of the President at formal State functions and other functions organised by Government and mess functions and on his departure from such functions;

(v) Immediately before and after the President addresses the Nation over the All India Radio;

(vi) On arrival of the Governor/Lieutenant Governor at formal State functions within his State/Union Territory and on his departure from such functions;

(vii) When the National Flag is brought on parade;

(viii) When the Regimental Colours are presented;

(ix) For hoisting of colours in the Navy.

(2) The short version of the Anthem shall be played when drinking toasts in messes.

(3) The Anthem shall be played on any other occasion for which the special orders have been issued by the Government of India.

(4) Normally the Anthem shall not be played for the Prime Minister, though there may be special occasions when it may be played.

(5) When the National Anthem is played by a band, the Anthem will be preceded by a roll of drums to assist the audience to know that the National Anthem is going to be played, unless there is some other specific indication that the National Anthem is about to be played, as for example, when fanfares are sounded before the National Anthem is played, or when the toasts are drunk to the accompaniment of the National Anthem or when the National Anthem constitutes the National Salute given by the Guard of Honour. The duration of the roll, in terms of marching drill, will be 7 paces in slow march. The roll will start slowly, ascend to as loud a volume as possible and then gradually decrease to original softness, but remaining audible until the seventh beat. One beat rest will then be observed before commencing the National Anthem.

III — MASS SINGING OF THE ANTHEM

(1) The full version of the Anthem shall be played accompanied by mass singing on the following occasions: —

(i) On the unfurling of the National Flag, on the cultural occasions or ceremonial functions other than parades (This could be arranged by having a choir of adequate size, suitably stationed, which would be trained to coordinate

its singing with the band etc. There should be an adequate public audition system so that the gathering in the various enclosures can sing in unison with the choir).

(ii) On the arrival of the President at any Government or public function (but excluding formal State functions and mess functions) and also immediately before his departure from such functions.

(2) On all occasions when the National Anthem is sung, the full version shall be recited accompanied by mass singing.

(3) The Anthem may be sung on occasions which, although not strictly ceremonial, are nevertheless invested with significance because of the presence of Ministers etc. The singing of Anthem on such occasions (with or without the accompaniment of an instrument) accompanied by mass singing is desirable.

(4) It is not possible to give an exhaustive list of occasions on which the singing (as distinct from playing) of the Anthem can be permitted, but there is no objection to the singing of the Anthem accompanied by mass singing so long as it is done with due respect as a salutation to the motherland, and proper decorum is maintained.

(5) In all schools, the day's work should begin with community singing of the Anthem. School authorities should make adequate provision in their programmes for popularising the singing of the Anthem and promoting respect for the National Flag among students.

2. The following may be added as "Note" below Section IV(3):—

"Note: When the National Anthem is required to be played immediately before or after the National Anthem of a foreign country, as laid down in Section IV above, there should be no simultaneous singing of the National Anthem. However, mass singing of the National Anthem should be required when it is played immediately before or after the Anthem of another country in the event that the visiting dignitary and his delegation are singing their own National Anthem".

G. M. Sardessai, Under Secretary (Personnel).

Panaji, 9th February, 1977.

Home Department (Transport and Accommodation)

Notification

HD(TA-Tpt)/1-6/75

Whereas certain draft rules further to amend the Goa, Daman and Diu Motor Vehicles Tax Rules, 1974 were published as required by sub-section (1) of section 24 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1974 (8 of 1974), at page 421 of the Official Gazette No. 40, Series I, dated 30-12-1976 under the Notification No. HD(TA-Tpt)/1-6/75 dated 18-12-1976 of the Home Department, Govern-

ment of Goa, Daman and Diu, inviting objections and suggestions from all persons likely to be affected thereby till fifteen days from the date of publication of the said Notification in the Official Gazette;

And whereas the said Gazette was made available to the public on 30-12-1976;

And whereas no objections and suggestions have been received from the public on the said draft by the Government;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3, read with section 24 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1974 (8 of 1974), and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following rules so as to further amend the Goa, Daman and Diu Motor Vehicles Tax Rules, 1974, namely:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*— (1) These rules may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Motor Vehicles Tax (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 1977.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. *Amendment of Schedule.*— (1) In the Schedule appended to the Goa, Daman and Diu Motor Vehicles Tax Rules, 1974, in clause A,—

(i) after sub-clause I, the following sub-clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"I.A. Motor cycles used for hire ... Rs. 60.00";

(ii) In sub-clause IV, below the item "Auto Rickshaws upto 2 seats" the following new item shall be inserted, namely:—

"Auto Rickshaws upto 2 seats used for hire ... Rs. 90.00".

By order and in the name of the Lt. Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

G. M. Sardessai, Under Secretary (Home).

Panaji, 17th February, 1977.

Agriculture Department

Notification

The following draft of certain rules which the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu, proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 21 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Livestock Improvement Act, 1973 (5 of 1973) is hereby published as required by Sub-Section (3) of Section 21 for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken up for consideration after a period of fifteen days from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft by the Development Commissioner, Secretariat, Panaji, Goa, on or before the period so specified will be considered by the Government.

Goa, Daman and Diu Livestock Improvement Draft Rules, 1976

Arrangement of Rules

Rules

1. Short title and commencement.
2. Definitions.
3. Power and duties to be exercised and performed by a Livestock Officer and assignment of such power or duties under Section 3.
4. Prescribed age.
5. Application for licence.
6. Inspection of bull before grant of licence.
7. Issue of licence without application.
8. Grant of licence.
9. Period of licence.
10. Marking of licenced bulls.
11. Inspection of bulls by Veterinary Officer when compulsory.
12. Renewal of licence.
13. Transfer of licence.
14. Grant of duplicate licence.
15. Duration of licence.
16. Grounds on which a licence may be refused or revoked.
17. Notice of revocation of licence.
18. Castration.
19. Certificate of castration.
20. Marking of castrated bulls.
21. Notice of inspection and castration.
22. Enquiry before seizing a bull.
23. Minimum period of detention before sale in auction.
24. Custody of bull during detention.
25. Responsibility of Secretary of Village Panchayat for feeding and watering the animals.
26. Report of Village Panchayat.
27. Notice and Proclamation to be issued by Village Panchayat.
28. Release of animal on claim during notice period.
29. Sale of animal.
30. Claim after sale.
31. Determination of costs, charges and expenses.
32. Duties of Livestock Officer.
33. Power of Livestock Officer to enter premises.
34. Serving of notice and orders.

DRAFT RULES

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 21 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Livestock Improvement Act, 1973 (5 of 1973) the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu, hereby makes the following rules, namely:

1. *Short title and commencement.* — (1) These rules may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Livestock Improvement Rules, 1976.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions.* — In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) "Act" means the Goa, Daman and Diu Livestock Improvement Act, 1973 (5 of 1973);

(b) "castrate" means to perform an operation in accordance with these rules for the purpose of removing the reproductive power of a bull

and the words "castrated" and "castration" shall be construed accordingly.

(c) "entire" means a male bull possessing full reproductive power;

(d) "Form" means a form appended to these rules;

(e) "section" means a section of the Act;

(f) "Panchayat" means a panchayat established under the Goa, Daman and Diu Village Panchayats Regulation, 1962 (9 of 1962);

(g) "Veterinary Officer" means an officer of the Animal Husbandry Department of Goa, Daman and Diu possessing a degree in Veterinary Science or Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Science;

(h) "Municipal Council" means a Municipal Council established under the Goa, Daman and Diu Municipality Act, 1968 (7 of 1969);

(i) Words and expression not defined in these rules but defined in the Act, shall have the meaning assigned to them in the Act.

3. *Powers and duties to be exercised and performed by a Livestock Officer and assignment of such powers or duties under Section 3.* — All taluka level Veterinary Officers of Veterinary Dispensaries or Hospitals or Key Village Scheme of the Department of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services, Government of Goa, Daman and Diu, are notified as "Livestock Officers" and their powers and duties to carry the purposes of the Act shall be:

(a) to prohibit keeping a bull of one and half years age for breeding purposes without valid licence;

(b) to grant licence for keeping a bull and to renew it from time to time;

(c) to revoke licence;

(d) to grant duplicate licences;

(e) to inspect bulls;

(f) to order castration of bulls;

(g) to demand any person who keeps a breeding bull to produce the licence;

(h) to inspect or mark a bull; and

(i) to exercise the powers under Section 14.

4. *Prescribed age.* — No person shall keep a bull which has attained the age of one and half years, unless a licence has been granted in respect of such bull under section 5 or such a bull has been castrated in accordance with the provisions of these rules, as the case may be.

5. *Application for licence.* — Where a person keeping a bull desires to retain such bull entire, after it has attained the age of one and half years, such a person shall, three months before the bull attains the age of one and half years, make an application for a licence in respect of such bull to the Livestock Officer. The application shall state the name and address of the person who keeps such bull, the place where such bull is kept, and the marks, colour, height and other particulars of identification of such bull.

6. *Inspection of bull before grant of licence.* — On receipt of an application, the Livestock Officer shall

inspect the bull as to its age and whether it is suffering from any defect or is affected with any disease mentioned in clauses (a), (b) and (c) or sub-section (1) of section 6.

7. *Issue of licence without application.*— If, in the course of his inspection, the Licensing Officer finds a bull, which in his opinion is suitable for breeding and in respect of which an application for licence has not however been made, he may issue a licence in Form I in respect of such bull.

8. *Grant of Licence.*— If on inspection under rule 5, the Livestock Officer is satisfied that the bull is not suffering from any defect or, is not affected with any diseases mentioned in section 6, he may grant a licence in respect of such bull in Form I and the Livestock Officer shall ordinarily grant a licence, for any such bull so as to provide that there shall be one such bull for every 60 cows in a village unless the cross breeding services under the intensive Artificial Insemination Programme are fully expanded/developed to cater the needs of local cattle and the need for keeping approved local bulls does not exist.

9. *Period of licence.*— The period for which a licence may be granted shall not exceed two years.

10. *Marking of licenced bulls.*— A bull in respect of which a licence has been granted shall be tattooed inside the left ear with the letter "L" not less than 1.25 by 1.25 cm. in size or branded on left thigh with the same mark of a size not less than four centimetres by four centimetres.

11. *Inspection of bulls by Livestock Officer when compulsory.*— Before refusing to grant or revoking a licence in respect of a bull, on any of the grounds specified in sub-section (1) of section 6, the Livestock Officer shall, if so required by the person who keeps the bull, re-inspect the bull free of charge and his opinion shall be conclusive whether the bull is suffering from any defect or affected with any disease mentioned in clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) of section 6.

12. *Renewal of licence.*— Before the period of a licence in respect of a bull expires, the holder of such licence shall apply to the Livestock Officer, for the renewal thereof. On such application, the Livestock Officer may, after inspection, renew the licence for a period not exceeding 2 years, provided that he is satisfied that the bull in respect of which the licence has been granted is not suffering from any defect or is not affected with disease mentioned in section 6.

13. *Transfer of licence.*— The holder of a licence may, with previous consent in writing of the Livestock Officer, transfer the licence to any person who shall have become the keeper of the bull. On such transfer, the Livestock Officer shall make an endorsement on the licence stating the name of the person to whom the licence is transferred and the date upon which the said licence shall be in force.

14. *Grant of duplicate licence.*— When the Livestock Officer granting the licence is satisfied that a licence granted under section 5 has been mutilated, lost or destroyed, he may issue a duplicate licence.

A fee of one rupee shall be payable for the issue of a duplicate licence under section 7 of the Act.

15. *Duration of licence.*— A licence granted in respect of a bull shall remain in force until:

- (a) the period specified therein expires; or
- (b) it is revoked under the Act; or
- (c) the bull dies or is castrated in the manner provided in these Rules, whichever is earlier.

16. *Ground on which a licence may be refused or revoked.*— The Livestock Officer authorised to grant a licence may refuse to grant or may revoke a licence for the bull for reasons mentioned in section 6(1) and 6(2) of the Act. No person shall be entitled to any compensation for revocation of a licence of a bull.

17. *Notice of revocation of licence.*— When a Livestock Officer revokes a licence in respect of any bull, he shall give the keeper of the bull a notice in Form II.

18. *Castration.*— (1) Every bull directed to be castrated under Section 10 or 13 shall be effectively desexed by a method and in a manner approved.

(2) The Livestock Officer will castrate the bull free of charge.

19. *Certificate of castration.*— The certificate of castration shall be granted in Form III.

20. *Marking of castrated bulls.*— For the purpose of identification, a bull castrated under section 10 or section 13, shall be branded on left cheek or neck with a letter "R" not smaller than four centimetres by four centimetres in size or tattooed on the inner side of the left ear with a mark not less than 1.25 centimetre by 1.25 centimetre in size. The Livestock Officer shall himself get the animal branded or tattooed. If the owner or other person keeping a bull makes his own arrangements for castrating the bull under section 10 it shall be the duty of such owner or other person to have the bull branded or tattooed in the manner stated above. In case of bull previously licenced and marked with letter "L" is subsequently considered unsuitable for breeding purposes and castrated, it shall be marked with the letter "R" and when this is done, mark "L" shall be deemed to have been cancelled.

21. *Notice of inspection and castration.*— (1) The order of the Livestock Officer under section 9 requiring a person keeping a bull to submit it for inspection shall be in Form IV.

(2) The notice of the Livestock Officer under Section 10 requiring a person keeping a bull to have it castrated shall be in Form V.

(3) The direction of the Livestock Officer under sub-section (1) of section 13 for castration of a bull shall be in Form VI.

(4) The direction of a Livestock Officer under sub-section (2) of section 13 for castration of a bull shall be in Form VII.

22. *Enquiry before seizing a bull.*— Before seizing a bull under sub-section (2) of section 13, the Livestock Officer shall cause an enquiry to be made

as to the ownership of the bull by the Panchayat of the village in which the bull is normally kept. If the bull is kept within the limits of a Municipal Council he shall ascertain its ownership from such Municipal Council.

23. *Minimum period of detention before sale in auction.*—A bull seized under sub-section (2) of section 13, shall not be sold in public auction or sent to a pinjrapole within a period of fifteen days, calculated from the date of seizure.

24. *Custody of the bull during detention.*—The Livestock Officer may entrust the custody of a bull seized under sub-section (2) of section 13 to the Secretary of the Village Panchayat concerned or if the bull is normally kept within the limits of a Municipal Council, to an officer of the Municipal Council within whose limits the bull is normally kept pending its sale by public auction or disposal under the Act and these rules and the person to whom the custody is so given shall keep the bull in the cattle pond if one exists or if there is no cattle pond, shall make proper arrangements for keeping bull in custody.

25. *Responsibility for feeding and watering the animals.*—(1) The bull seized and entrusted to the custody of the Secretary of the Village Panchayat or an officer of a Municipal Council under rule 24, shall immediately be registered in the register meant for registering impounded cattle and they shall give a copy of such entry to Livestock Officer.

(2) The Secretary or an officer of the Municipal Council, as the case may be, shall be responsible for proper maintenance of the bull until it is disposed off in accordance with the provisions of Cattle Pond Rules applicable to them and these Rules.

26. *Report.*—If in respect of any bull in custody of the Secretary of the Village Panchayat or an officer of the Municipal Council, as the case may be, no claim supported by an order of the Livestock Officer under clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 13 is made within seven days from the date of its seizure, the Secretary or the officer of the Municipal Council shall report the fact to the Village Panchayat or the Municipal Council, as the case may be.

27. *Notice and proclamation to be issued by the Village Panchayat or Municipal Council.*—(1) On receipt of a report under rule 26, the Village Panchayat or a Municipal Council, as the case may be, shall publish by affixing in a conspicuous part of its office a notice stating:

- a. the description of the bull.
- b. the place where it is seized.
- c. the place where it is kept in custody.
- d. that it will be sold if no claim is made within the period of eight days.

(2) The Village Panchayat or the Municipal Council shall cause proclamation to be made by either beat of drums or in such other manner as it may deem fit in or near the market place and also near the place the bull was seized.

28. *Release of the animal on claim during the notice period.*—If the owner or his agent appears and

claims the bull and claim is supported by an order of the Livestock Officer it shall be delivered to the owner or his agent, on payment of all costs, charges and expenses incurred for its maintenance. The fact of such delivery shall be noted in the register maintained under rule 25.

29. *Sale of animal.*—If the bull is claimed within eight days of publication of the notice under Rule 27, but the costs, charges and expenses incurred for its maintenance are not paid or if the bull is not claimed within 8 days from the date of notice under Rule 27, it shall be sold by public auction by the Village Panchayat or Municipal Council or an officer of its establishment deputed for the purpose at such place and time, and subject to such conditions, as the Village Panchayat or the Municipal Council may, by general or special order direct:

Provided that if the bull is claimed after steps are taken for sale by public auction, but, before it is sold and the claim is supported by an order of the Livestock Officer it shall be delivered to the owner or his agent on payment of all costs, charges and expenses incurred for its maintenance.

30. *Claim after sale.*—No claim for the sale proceeds of the bull shall be entertained, unless it is preferred within one month from the date of sale of the bull by public auction. If the claim is made within the time aforesaid and the claim is supported by an order of the Livestock Officer the proceeds of the sale of the bull, after deducting therefrom the costs, charges and expenses incurred for the maintenance and sale of the bull shall be paid to the owner after obtaining a written receipt from him. An account in the following form shall also be furnished:

- (a) the description of the bull seized;
- (b) the period during which it was in custody;
- (c) the amount of costs, charges and expenses incurred for the maintenance, and sale of the bull;
- (d) the proceeds of the sale; and
- (e) the manner in which the said proceeds have been disposed off.

31. *Determination of costs, charges and expenses.*—(1) The costs, charges and expenses for the maintenance of the bull, shall include:

- (a) the transport charges and mazdoor hire for carrying the bull from the place of seizure to the place of detention and hence to the place of sale; and
- (b) feeding, watering and other incidental charges incurred while the bull is under detention.

(2) The costs, charges and expenses incurred in connection with any notice, requisition or order issued or proclamation made in connection with the sale.

32. *Duties of the Livestock Officer.*—It shall be the duty of the Livestock Officer to exercise all or any of the powers conferred on him under the Act or the rules for the purposes of carrying into effect the purposes of the Act; and in particular to ensure that no bull which has attained the age of one and

half years shall remain in any village, unless a licence has been obtained in respect of such bull, or unless such bull has been castrated in the manner prescribed by these rules.

33. Power of the Livestock Officer to enter the premises.—The Livestock Officer shall have the power to enter any premises or place, where he has reason to believe that bulls are kept, between sunrise and sunset, for the purpose of performing any of the duties imposed on him by the Act or the rules:

Provided that the Livestock Officer shall, before entering such premises or place, give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of such place or premises in Form VIII.

34. Serving of notice orders.—(1) Where any notice or order is required to be given under the Act or under the rules such notice or order shall be given:

(a) by delivery or tendering one of the duplicates of the notice or order to such person; or

(b) if such person is not found, by delivering or tendering one of the duplicates of the notice or order to some adult member of his family residing in the house in which the person ordinarily resides; or

(c) if such person does not reside in the local area and his address elsewhere is known to the officer or person issuing the notice or order by sending the same to him by registered post, acknowledgment due; or

(d) if none of the means aforesaid be available, by affixing the same in some conspicuous part of the house, in which the person summoned ordinarily resides and thereupon the notice or order shall be deemed to have duly served.

(2) In case of joint owners, it shall be sufficient to serve the notice or order on or send it to one of such owners.

FORM I

(See Rules 7 and 8)

Licence to keep a Bull

Licence No. ...

Shri/Smt. ... is hereby granted a licence subject to the provisions of Goa, Daman and Diu Livestock Improvement Act, 1973 and the Rules made thereunder, for keeping the bull described below for breeding purposes in Village ... Taluka ... District ... for the period from ... to ... both days inclusive, subject always to the terms and conditions and restriction hereinafter mentioned, namely:

1. The holder of the licence shall inform the Licensing Officer of any illness, defect or deformity which is likely to render the bull unsuitable for breeding purposes.

2. The holder of the licence shall give the benefit of the service of the bull to the cows of the village in which, the bull is kept, in preference to cows of other villages.

3. The holder of the licence shall give to the Licensing Officer all information regarding the service rendered by the bull during the period of the licence.

4. The holder of the licence shall give information to the Licensing Officer in the event of death of the Licensed bull, or when it is sold or otherwise transferred to another person.

N. B. The licence will be revoked if there is breach of any of the terms or conditions thereof or if it was granted under circumstances, of which the Licensing Officer was not aware at the time of granting the Licence.

Description of the bull:

Breed:

Age:

Colour:

Height:

Marks of identification:

Other particulars, if any:

Place:

Date:

Livestock Officer

FORM II

(See Rule 17)

Notice of Revocation of Licence

To

Residing at ...

Whereas, it has come to my notice that you keep the bull described in the *margin in respect of which Licence No. ... date ... was granted to you on ... and whereas I am of the opinion (a) that the licence was granted under circumstances which the Licensing Officer was not aware at the time of granting the Licence, viz. (here describe the

circumstances) ... or/and (b) that there has been a breach of the conditions of the licence in as much as ** ...

Now, therefore, in pursuance of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Act, I hereby call upon you to show cause on or before ... why the licence referred to above should not be revoked.

Dated the

Livestock Officer

** (here describe the act resulting in the violation of the conditions).

FORM III

(See Rule 19)

Certificate of Castration

Certified that I have examined the bull described in margin* and owned by ... and found to have been effectively castrated by a method and in a manner approved by the Director of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services, Goa, and is incapable of propagating its kind.

*Breed:

Colour:

Age:

Height:

Identification Mark:

Place:

Date:

Signature:

Designation:

FORM IV

[See Rule 21(1)]

Notice of Inspection

To

...

...

...

...

Whereas it has been made to appear to me that you keep the bull described in the margin*.

*Breed:

Description:

Colour:

Age:

Height:

Identification Mark:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Livestock Improvement Act, 1973, I hereby require you to submit it for inspection by me/Shri ... deput

ted by me between the hours of ... on the ... day of ... 19 ... at *... Village ... Taluka ... District and to render

all reasonable assistance in connection with such inspection to me/Shri ... the officer deputed by me.

Dated: _____ Livestock Officer

* (the place where the bull is kept for the time being or any other reasonable place should be specified).

FORM V

[See Rule 21(2)]

Notice under Sub-Section (1) of Section 10

To

...
...
...

Whereas, it has been made to appear to me that you keep the bull described in the margin* which in my opinion has attained the prescribed age namely ... and in respect of which no licence is for time being in force under the Goa, Daman and Diu Livestock Improvement Act, 1973.

*Description:

Breed:

Colour:

Age:

Height:

Identification Marks:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers, conferred by sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Act, I hereby require you, to have the said bull castrated within one month from the date of the service of this notice by the method and in manner described below:

Method:

Manner:

Date: _____ Livestock Officer

FORM VI

[See Rule 21(3)]

Direction under Sub-Section (1) of Section 13

To

...
...
...

Whereas, it has been made to appear to me that you keep the bull described in the margin*.

*Description:

Breed:

Colour:

Height:

Age:

Identification Marks & name, if any:

And whereas you have neglected or failed to have it castrated as required in my notice dated ... under section 10 of the Goa, Daman & Diu Livestock Improvement Act, 1973;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 13 of the said Act, I hereby direct, that the said bull, shall be castrated by the method and in manner described below and marked with, the prescribed mark in the prescribed manner.

Method:

Manner:

Date: _____ Livestock Officer

FORM VII

[See Rule 21(4)]

Direction under Sub-Section (2) of Section 13

Whereas, I am of the opinion, that the bull described in the margin and seized under sub-section (2) of section 13 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Livestock Improvement Act, 1973, has attained the prescribed age i.e. ... and is unsuitable for breeding purposes on the following grounds namely:

Description:

Breed:

Colour:

Height:

Age:

Identification marks & name, if any:

The bull is defective or inferior conformation and consequently likely to get defective or inferior progeny

or/and

The bull is of a breed which is undesirable to propagate in the district or in the part of the district in which it is kept.

or/and

The bull is suffering from an incurable, contagious or infructuous disease or from any other disease rendering it unsuitable for breeding purposes.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of the section 13 of the said Act, I hereby direct, that the said bull shall be castrated by the method and manner described below and marked with the prescribed mark and take notice that the said bull will be sold by public auction or sent to a pinjrapole if you fail to appear within fifteen days of seizure.

Method:

Manner:

Dated: _____ Livestock Officer

FORM VIII

(See Rule 33)

Notice of Entry into Premises

To

...
...
...

Whereas I have reason to believe, that you have kept on premises/places described below and said to belong to you a bull/bulls, I hereby give you notice that I shall enter your premises/places on ... between ... for the purposes of inspecting the said bull/bulls; you are hereby directed to keep the bull/bulls ready for inspection and not to remove the bull/bulls on the aforesaid date and time from premises/ /places until it is/they are inspected by me.

Date:

_____ Livestock Officer

Law and Judiciary Department

Notification

LD/726/76/77

The following Notification received from the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs New Delhi, is hereby republished for general information of the public.

B. S. Subbanna, Under Secretary (Law).

Panaj, 10th February, 1977.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi-110001, the 31st Jan., 1977
1 Magha, 1898

Notification

S. O. 54(E). — In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 258 of the Constitution, the President hereby entrusts to all the State Governments, with their consent, the functions of the Central Government under the proviso to section 321 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of

1974), in respect of cases involving offences under the Defence and Internal Security of India Rules, 1971, subject to the condition that notwithstanding this entrustment, the Central Government may itself exercise the said functions either generally or in any particular case or class of cases.

Sd/-

R. L. MISRA

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

[II/16011/8/77-S&P(D. II)]

Notification

LD/S. O. 64/76/77

The following Notification received from the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs New Delhi, is hereby republished for general information of the public.

B. S. Subbanna, Under Secretary (Law).

Panaji, 17th February, 1977.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

(BHARAT SARKAR)

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

(GRIH MANTRALAYA)

New Delhi 110001 21st December, 1976

Notification

S. O. 64. — In pursuance of clause (1) of article 239 of the Constitution, the President hereby directs that the Administrator of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu shall, subject to the control of the President and until further orders, also exercise the powers and discharge the functions of the Central Government under section 3 of the Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Act, 1971 (40 of 1971), in that Union territory.

[U-11030/5/76-UTL]

Sd/-

H. C. BAKHSI

Under Secretary to the Govt. of India.